

Council File Reference: 551718
Council Contact: Brett Walsh
Council Contact Phone: (07) 4651 5600

22 June 2018

Natalie Timar & Tanya Rewha
68 Elm Street
BARCALDINE QLD 4725
Email: nattyt23@yahoo.com.au

Development Application

Development Permit – Material Change of Use for Visitor Accommodation

Lot 1 on RP608584, 55 Ash Street, Barcaldine

We refer to the assessment of the abovementioned development application.

Pursuant to section 83 of the *Planning Act 2016*, please find enclosed the **Decision Notice**.

If you have any queries please contact Brett Walsh at the Barcaldine Administration Office.

Yours faithfully



Steven Boxall
Chief Executive Officer

DECISION NOTICE
APPROVAL

PLANNING ACT 2016, SECTION 63

I refer to your application and advise that on 22 June 2018, Barcaldine Regional Council decided to approve the application in full, subject to conditions. Details of the decision are as follows:

1. APPLICATION DETAILS

Application Number: 551718/20222
Properly Made Date: 10 May 2018
Decision Date: 22 June 2018
Planning Scheme: Barcaldine Shire Planning Scheme 2006
(Version 2)

2. APPLICANT DETAILS

Name: Natalie Timar & Tanya Rewha
Postal Address: 68 Elm Street, Barcaldine QLD 4725
Email Address: nattyt23@yahoo.com.au

3. PROPERTY DETAILS

Street Address: 55 Ash Street, Barcaldine
Real Property Description: Lot 1 on RP608584
Local Government Area: Barcaldine Regional Council

4. DECISION DETAILS

The following type of approval has been issued:

- Development Permit for Material Change of Use for Visitor Accommodation

5. APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS

A copy of the following plan is enclosed:

| Plan Name | Plan Reference |
|---|----------------|
| Plan 1 for MCU for Visitor Accommodation at 55 Ash Street, Barcaldine | Plan 1 |

6. CURRENCY PERIOD

This development approval will lapse at the end of the period set out in section 85 of the *Planning Act 2016*: if the first change of use does not happen within six (6) years after the approval starts to have effect.

7. PROPERLY MADE SUBMISSIONS

Not applicable - the application was Code Assessable development and therefore no part of the application required public notification.

8. REFERRAL AGENCIES

Not applicable – the application did not require State agency referral.

9. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

- Plumbing and Drainage Works; and
- Building Works

10. RIGHTS OF APPEAL

The rights of applicants to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against decisions about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016* (included in the attachment to this decision notice). For particular applications, there may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

11. DELEGATED PERSON

Name: Steven Boxall

Signature:



Date: 22 June 2018

Enc: Attachment 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager
Attachment 2 – Extract of Appeal Provisions (Chapter 6, Part 1 and Schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*)

Attachment 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager

1.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS

- 1.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by the conditions of this permit:

| Plan Name | Plan Reference |
|---|----------------|
| Plan 1 for MCU for Visitor Accommodation at 55 Ash Street, Barcaldine | Plan 1 |

- 1.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of approval must prevail.
- 1.3 The use of the premises is limited to three (3) bedrooms with ancillary on-site car parking for the short term accommodation of guests and visitors. The approved use must be conducted generally in accordance with the facts and circumstances as set out in the application submitted to Council.

2.0 ACCESS AND PARKING WORKS

- 2.1 A vehicle crossover must be provided to the premises from Ash Street. The crossover must be provided generally in accordance with Council's standard crossover drawings for a residential property access.
- 2.2 A minimum of two car parking spaces on the premises must be provided to support the demands of the use. Car parking must be provided generally in accordance with Council's access and parking standards, and the approved plans.

3.0 ROOF AND ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE WORKS

- 3.1 All roof and allotment drainage must be discharged such that it does not restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water or cause a nuisance to adjoining properties or infrastructure.

4.0 SITE WORKS

- 4.1 Site works must be constructed such that they do not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance or worsening to adjoining properties or infrastructure.

5.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

- 5.1 All stormwater must drain to a demonstrated lawful point of discharge and must not adversely affect surrounding land or infrastructure in comparison to the pre-development conditions, including but not limited to blocking, altering or diverting existing stormwater runoff patterns or having the potential to cause damage to other infrastructure.

6.0 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

- 6.1 Any lighting devices associated with the development, such as sensory lighting, must be positioned on the development site and shielded so as not to cause glare or other nuisance to nearby residents and motorists. Night lighting must be designed, constructed and operated in accordance with Australian Standard AS4282 "Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting".
- 6.2 Noise, light, dust or air emissions from the activity must not cause environmental harm or environmental nuisance.
- 6.3 In accordance with the Environmental Protection (Waste Management) Regulations, all waste storage areas must be kept in a clean, tidy condition, and sufficient waste containers and services are to be provided to cater for the containment and removal of all waste generated on the site.

7.0 SERVICES

- 7.1 Electricity and telecommunication services must be provided to the premises in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.
- 7.2 The premises must be connected to Council's reticulated water supply and sewerage networks.

8.0 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

- 8.1 Erosion control measures and silt collection measures are implemented during the construction phase of development to ensure that environmental values are protected during construction activities.

9.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT

- 9.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to Council.
- 9.2 Any damage to existing stormwater, water supply and sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and Council infrastructure), that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.

ADVISORY NOTES

1. The Developer and his employee, agent, contractor or invitee is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
2. Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.

3. Prior to commencing any construction activities, the applicant/developer will be required to obtain further development permits for building work, and plumbing and drainage work, as required under relevant legislation for this work.
4. This approval does not negate the requirement for compliance with all other relevant Local Laws and other statutory requirements. Any provisions contained in this approval relating to the enforcement of any of the conditions shall be in addition to all other rights, powers and privileges that the Council may possess or obtain, and nothing contained in these conditions shall be construed so as to prejudice, affect or otherwise derogate or limit these rights, powers and privileges of the Council.
5. General environmental duty under the Environmental Protection Act 994 prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.
6. This development approval does not authorise any activity that may harm Aboriginal cultural heritage. It is advised that under section 23 of the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care").

ALPHA OFFICE

Phone: 07 4985 1166
Fax: 07 4985 1162

ARAMAC OFFICE

Phone: 07 4652 9999
Fax: 07 4652 9990

BARCALDINE OFFICE

Phone: 07 4651 5600
Fax: 07 4651 1778

PLAN 1 FOR MCU FOR VISITOR ACCOMMODATION AT 55 ASH STREET, BARCALDINE

STREET ADDRESS: 55 Ash Street, Barcaldine
 REAL PROPERTY DESCRIPTION: LOT 1 on RP608584
 LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA: Barcaldine Regional Council

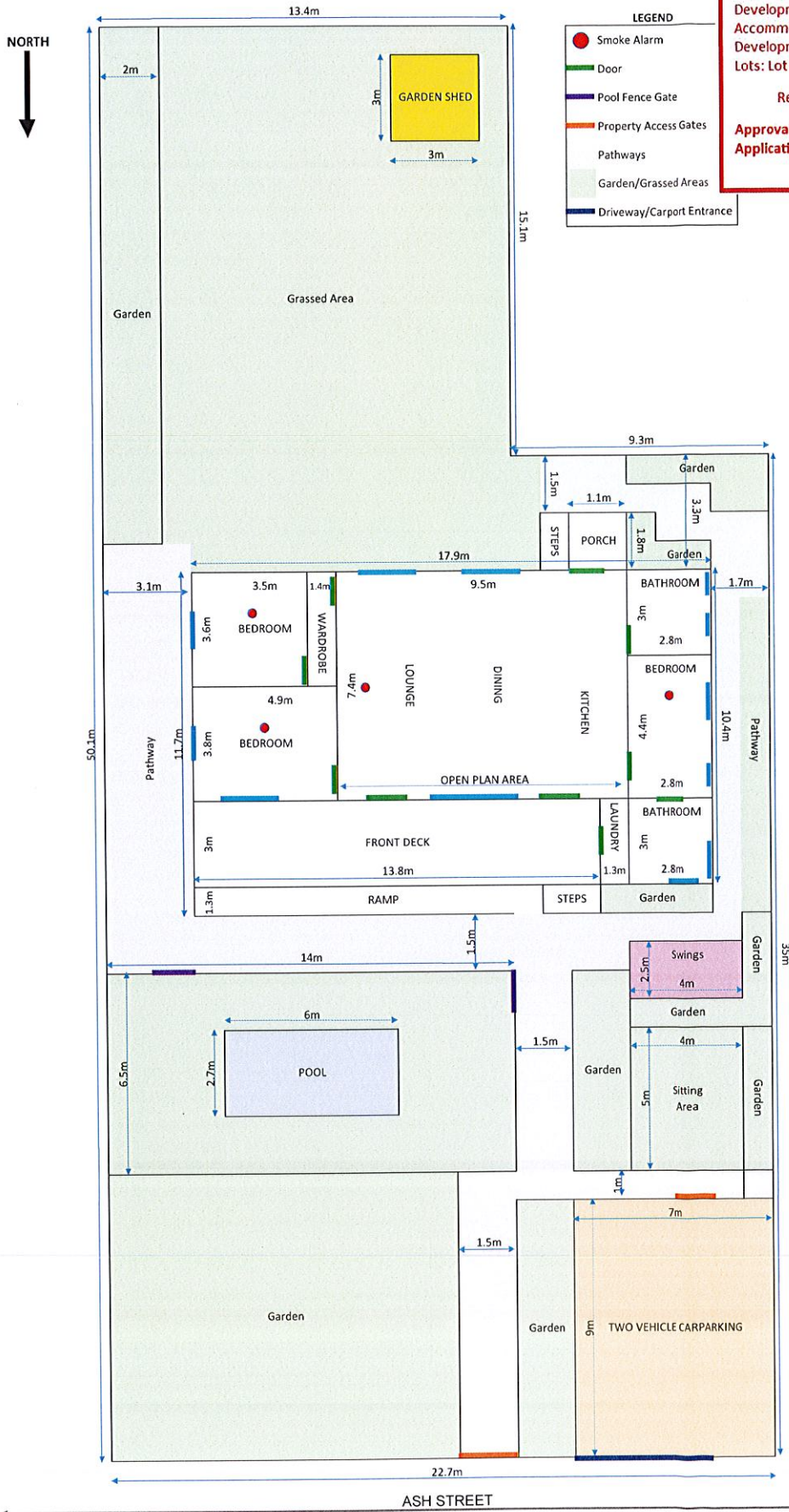
BARCALDINE REGIONAL COUNCIL

**DIGITALLY STAMPED
 APPROVED PLAN**

Development Application:
 Development Permit for Material Change of Use for Visitor
 Accommodation
 Development Permit: Material Change of Use
 Lots: Lot 1 RP608584

Referred to in Council's Decision Notice

Approval Date: 22 June 2018
Application Number: 551718



ASH STREET

Attachment 2 - Extract of Appeal Provisions

Planning Act 2016
Chapter 6 Dispute resolution

[s 229]

(2) The person is taken to have engaged in the representative's conduct, unless the person proves the person could not have prevented the conduct by exercising reasonable diligence.

(3) In this section—

conduct means an act or omission.

representative means—

(a) of a corporation—an executive officer, employee or agent of the corporation; or

(b) of an individual—an employee or agent of the individual.

state of mind, of a person, includes the person's—

(a) knowledge, intention, opinion, belief or purpose; and

(b) reasons for the intention, opinion, belief or purpose.

Chapter 6 Dispute resolution

Part 1 Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

(1) Schedule 1 states—

(a) matters that may be appealed to—

(i) either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or

(ii) only a tribunal; or

(iii) only the P&E Court; and

(b) the person—

(i) who may appeal a matter (the *appellant*); and

(ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and

- (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter;
and
 - (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The *appeal period* is—
- (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency; or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note—

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.

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- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
- (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
- (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar, must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—
- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
 - (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
 - (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
 - (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
 - (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and

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- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
 - (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The *service period* is—
- (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection (6).
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.
- (7) Despite any other Act or rules of court to the contrary, a copy of a notice of appeal may be given to the chief executive by emailing the copy to the chief executive at the email address stated on the department’s website for this purpose.

231 Other appeals

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The *Judicial Review Act 1991*, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the *Judicial Review Act 1991* in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section—
decision includes—

- (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
- (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
- (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
- (d) a purported decision; and
- (e) a deemed refusal.

non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—

- (a) is final and conclusive; and
- (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the *Judicial Review Act 1991* or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, any tribunal or another entity; and
- (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, any tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.

Schedule 1 Appeals

section 229

1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—
 - (a) the P&E court; or
 - (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if—
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and

-
- (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice—
 - (i) in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (ii) under the Plumbing and Drainage Act; or
 - (i) an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (l) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter involves—
- (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.

Schedule 1

- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a co-respondent in the appeal.
- (8) In this section—
storey see the Building Code, part A1.1.

| Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal |
|---|
| <p>1. Development applications</p> <p>For a development application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or(b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or(c) a provision of the development approval; or(d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval. |

| Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal | | | |
|--|------------------------|--|--|
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| The applicant | The assessment manager | If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent 2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application |
| <p>2. Change applications</p> <p>For a change application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against—</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the responsible entity's decision on the change application; or (b) a deemed refusal of the change application. | | | |

| Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| <p>1 The applicant</p> <p>2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice</p> | <p>The responsible entity</p> | <p>If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant</p> | <p>1 A concurrence agency for the development application</p> <p>2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager</p> <p>3 A private certifier for the development application</p> <p>4 Any eligible advice agency for the change application</p> <p>5 Any eligible submitter for the change application</p> |
| <p>3. Extension applications</p> <p>For an extension application other than an extension application called in by the Minister, an appeal may be made against—</p> <p>(a) the assessment manager’s decision on the extension application; or</p> <p>(b) a deemed refusal of the extension application.</p> | | | |

| Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal | | | |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| The person given the infrastructure charges notice | The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice | — | — |
| 5. Conversion applications An appeal may be made against— (a) the refusal of a conversion application; or (b) a deemed refusal of a conversion application. | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| The applicant | The local government to which the conversion application was made | — | — |
| 6. Enforcement notices An appeal may be made against the decision to give an enforcement notice. | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| The person given the enforcement notice | The enforcement authority | — | If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government |

| Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only | | | |
|---|--|--|---|
| <p>1. Appeals from tribunal An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of—</p> <p>(a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or (b) jurisdictional error.</p> | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| A party to the proceedings for the decision | The other party to the proceedings for the decision | — | — |
| <p>2. Eligible submitter appeals For a development application or change application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against the decision to approve the application, to the extent the decision relates to—</p> <p>(a) any part of the development application or change application that required impact assessment; or (b) a variation request.</p> | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| <p>1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application</p> <p>2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application</p> | <p>1 For a development application—the assessment manager</p> <p>2 For a change application—the responsible entity</p> | <p>1 The applicant</p> <p>2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency’s referral response—the concurrence agency</p> | <p>Another eligible submitter for the application</p> |

| Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only | | | |
|---|--|--|---|
| <p>3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals For a development application or change application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against a provision of the development approval, or a failure to include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to—</p> <p>(a) any part of the development application or change application that required impact assessment; or</p> <p>(b) a variation request.</p> | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| <p>1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application</p> <p>2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application</p> <p>3 An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application</p> | <p>1 For a development application—the assessment manager</p> <p>2 For a change application—the responsible entity</p> | <p>1 The applicant</p> <p>2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency</p> | <p>Another eligible submitter for the application</p> |
| <p>4. Compensation claims An appeal may be made against—</p> <p>(a) a decision under section 32 about a compensation claim; or</p> <p>(b) a decision under section 265 about a claim for compensation; or</p> <p>(c) a deemed refusal of a claim under paragraph (a) or (b).</p> | | | |

| Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only | | | |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| A person dissatisfied with the decision | The local government to which the claim was made | — | — |
| 5. Registered premises An appeal may be made against a decision of the Minister under chapter 7, part 4. | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| 1 A person given a decision notice about the decision 2 If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision | The Minister | — | If an owner or occupier starts the appeal—the owner of the registered premises |
| 6. Local laws An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied, under a local law about— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or (b) the erection of a building or other structure. | | | |

| Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only | | | |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions. | The local government | — | — |

| Table 3 Appeals to a tribunal only | | | |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| <p>1. Building advisory agency appeals An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions.</p> | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval | The assessment manager | The applicant | <p>1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval</p> <p>2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval</p> |

| Table 3 Appeals to a tribunal only | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| <p>2. Inspection of building work An appeal may be made against a decision of a building certifier or referral agency about the inspection of building work that is the subject of a building development approval under the Building Act.</p> | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| The applicant for the development approval | The person who made the decision | — | — |
| <p>3. Certain decisions under the Building Act and the Plumbing and Drainage Act An appeal may be made against—</p> <p>(a) a decision under the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission, if an information notice about the decision was given or required to be given under that Act; or</p> <p>(b) a decision under the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5, if an information notice about the decision was given or required to be given under that Act.</p> | | | |
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| A person who received, or was entitled to receive, an information notice about the decision | The person who made the decision | — | — |
| <p>4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.</p> | | | |

| Table 3 Appeals to a tribunal only | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Column 1 Appellant | Column 2 Respondent | Column 3 Co-respondent (if any) | Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any) |
| A person who was entitled to receive notice of the decision | The local government to which the application was made | — | — |